

# Hertzberg Hierarchy of Needs

#### WHAT IS THE HERTZBERG HIERARCHY OF NEEDS?

Hertzberg's Hierarchy of Needs is an adaptation of psychologist Frederick Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory, often reimagined in business mentorship contexts to help mentees identify factors influencing motivation and satisfaction in their work or career development.

Herzberg's theory differentiates between hygiene factors (external conditions that prevent dissatisfaction, like salary and workplace environment) and motivators (intrinsic drivers of satisfaction, like achievement, recognition, and personal growth). When used as a mentorship tool, it encourages individuals to understand what foundational needs must be met to ensure productivity and how to build on them for deeper engagement and self-fulfillment.



Herzberg's Two-Factor Principles



Influenced by Hygiene Factors

- Working conditions
- Coworker relations
- Policies and rules
- Supervisor quality
- Base wage, salary

Improving the motivator factors increases job satisfaction

Improving the hygiene factors decreases job dissatisfaction

Influenced by Motivator Factors

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- Achievement
- Recognition
- Responsibility
- Work itself
- Advancement
- Personal growth



#### WHEN SHOULD I USE IT WITH A CLIENT?

Business mentors can this tool in various scenarios where a mentee is struggling with motivation, job satisfaction, or career clarity. Common contexts include:

- During career planning or transitions to help mentees evaluate their current role or explore new
  opportunities by clarifying whether dissatisfaction stems from unmet hygiene needs or a lack of
  motivators.
- When addressing workplace challenges to diagnose and resolve issues like disengagement, low productivity, or burnout.
- To set personal and professional goals by assessing current levels of fulfilment and identifying areas for growth.
- In leadership or team development to improve managerial skills and enhance team satisfaction by understanding what drives employees' performance.

### **HOW IS IT USED?**

Mentors can leverage Hertzberg's Hierarchy of Needs in a structured, reflective process to guide mentees toward identifying their unique challenges and goals.

- 1. Assess Current Needs: The mentor begins by helping the mentee evaluate their current situation using the two-factor framework. For instance, are hygiene factors like pay, work-life balance, or job security adequate, or are they causing dissatisfaction? Are motivators like recognition, growth opportunities, or purpose present to drive satisfaction?
- 2. Prioritise Areas for Improvement: If hygiene factors are lacking, the mentor and mentee work on strategies to improve external conditions, such as negotiating better pay, resolving conflicts, or seeking a healthier work environment. If motivators are absent, they focus on finding projects that challenge the mentee, fostering learning, or aligning the mentee's role with their personal values.
- 3. **Develop an Action Plan:** The mentor guides the mentee in setting realistic, measurable goals to address the identified gaps. For example, this could involve seeking additional training, requesting feedback, or building stronger workplace relationships.
- 4. **Monitor and Reassess**: The mentor tracks progress by regularly revisiting the mentee's needs and goals. This ensures that any adjustments to the action plan are made as the mentee's situation evolves.

## WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS?

- Improved Clarity: The tool simplifies complex motivational challenges by categorizing needs into hygiene factors and motivators. This enables mentees to pinpoint the root causes of dissatisfaction or disengagement more effectively.
- **Tailored Problem-Solving**: Mentors can help mentees focus on actionable solutions, whether addressing external conditions (e.g., workplace conflicts) or internal drivers (e.g., personal growth).
- **Enhanced Motivation**: By balancing hygiene factors and motivators, the mentee gains both a stable foundation and the inspiration to strive for meaningful achievements, improving job satisfaction and overall performance.
- **Sustainable Growth:** The framework encourages a holistic approach to career development, ensuring that short-term fixes (like better pay) are paired with long-term motivators (like personal fulfilment).
- Stronger Mentor-Mentee Relationships: By addressing mentees' specific needs and goals, the mentor fosters trust and collaboration, strengthening the mentorship dynamic.

In summary, Hertzberg's Hierarchy of Needs is a practical and insightful tool for business mentorship. By focusing on both foundational needs and intrinsic motivators, mentors can guide mentees toward sustainable satisfaction and success in their professional lives.